Congress of the United States Washington, DC 20515

July 9, 2020

The Honorable Jovita Carranza Administrator Small Business Administration 409 Third Street SW, Suite 7900 Washington, DC 20416-2230

Dear Administrator Carranza:

Thank you for your work assisting small businesses during this extraordinarily difficult time. We understand the challenges posed by the magnitude of this unprecedented crisis and subsequent scale of the congressional response. Your leadership and the work of the Small Business Administration (SBA) are deeply appreciated.

We write to you regarding the Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) program. As you are aware, the EIDL program has served as a lifeline for millions of small businesses during this pandemic. Thanks to the low-interest, long-term federal disaster assistance, some businesses are able to stay afloat, and some are even beginning to rebound.

However, we have heard from many small business owners who have applied for EIDL funds that they are either hesitant to itemize working capital or reluctant to use approved loans for activities adhering to Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) health and safety guidelines as they begin the process of reopening their businesses. According to the COVID-19 SBA Disaster Assistance website, the loan funds can only be used for working capital expenditures such as fixed debts, payroll, accounts payable, and other bills that could have been paid had the disaster not occurred. To further complicate matters, there is no clear definition of working capital eligible activities written in current SBA regulations or SBA Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) that explicitly includes safety measures. ²³

Congress intended to provide federal loans to small business owners so they can retain employees on their payroll and, in possible scenarios, bring them back to work. It is imperative that these owners have the ability to use EIDL loans toward safety and mitigation activities such as purchasing personal protective equipment, touchless point-of-sale systems, and glass partitions to ensure the health and safety of their employees and customers.

To that end, we urge you to issue clear guidance in official SBA documents, either in the SBA regulations or SBA SOP, that expenses to implement CDC COVID-19 recommendations for businesses and workplaces should be considered eligible working capital expenditures.⁴

¹ https://www.sba.gov/funding-programs/disaster-assistance/coronavirus-covid-19

² https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-

idx?SID=f5f571a8170850a272f67bc304765fe4&mc=true&node=se13.1.123_1303&rgn=div8

³ https://www.sba.gov/sites/default/files/2018-06/SOP% 2050% 2030% 209-FINAL.PDF

⁴ https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/organizations/businesses-employers.html

Thank you for your attention to this matter. We look forward to your response. Sincerely,

/s/	/s/
Ted W. Lieu	Brian Fitzpatrick
Member of Congress	Member of Congress
/s/	/s/
Angie Craig	Eleanor Holmes Norton
Member of Congress	Member of Congress
/s/	/s/
Jamie Raskin	Ed Case
Member of Congress	Member of Congress
/s/	/s/
Jackie Speier	Mark Takano
Member of Congress	Member of Congress
/s/	/s/
Thomas R. Suozzi	Grace F. Napolitano
Member of Congress	Member of Congress
/s/	/s/
Jerry McNerney	Ted Deutch
Member of Congress	Member of Congress
/s/	/s/
Raúl M. Grijalva	Bobby L. Rush
Member of Congress	Member of Congress
/s/	/s/
TJ Cox	Joseph D. Morelle
Member of Congress	Member of Congress

/s/ David N. Cicilline Member of Congress	Henry C. "Hank" Johnson, Jr. Member of Congress
Val Demings Member of Congress	Jim Himes Member of Congress
Kathleen M. Rice Member of Congress	Yvette D. Clarke Member of Congress
Mary Gay Scanlon Member of Congress	Madeleine Dean Member of Congress
Jan Schakowsky Member of Congress	Gilbert R. Cisneros, Jr. Member of Congress
Harley Rouda Member of Congress	